

State of Utah Financial Highlights

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



December 2022

BUDGET	ED RESEI	RVES AND SUR	PLUS	S			
	General Fund Educati			ducation Fund	Combined Total		
Fiscal Year 2022 Surplus/(Shortfall)	\$	130,243,000	\$	1,124,279,000	\$	1,254,522,000	
Budgeted Reserves for Fiscal Year 2023		1,046,239,000		919,296,000		1,965,535,000	
Net Reserves Available for Fiscal Year 2023	\$	1,176,482,000	\$	2,043,575,000	\$	3,220,057,000	

MAJOR STATE REVENUE SOURCES

(Does not include federal and restricted revenues unless indicated)

		Fiscal 2022		Fiscal 2021	Percent Change	
General Fund		_		_		
Sales Tax	\$	3,098,477,000	\$	2,625,318,000	18.0%	
Insurance Premium Tax	\$	179,772,000	\$	157,397,000	14.2%	
Liquor Profit	\$	134,672,000	\$	123,691,000	8.9%	
Cigarette, Tobacco, and Beer Taxes	\$	99,529,000	\$	103,107,000	-3.5%	
Mineral Lease (Federal)	\$	75,616,000	\$	49,039,000	54.2%	
Oil, Gas, and Mining Severance Taxes	\$	54,317,000	\$	21,463,000	153.1%	
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	\$	24,757,000	\$	25,733,000	-3.8%	
Education Fund						
Individual Income Tax	\$	6,798,085,000	\$	6,121,011,000	11.1%	
Corporate Franchise and Gross Receipts Taxes	\$	947,009,000	\$	743,415,000	27.4%	
State Sales Tax Restricted						
Earmarks for Highways, Water Loans, Conservation, and						
Other Programs	\$	1,086,414,000	\$	929,300,000	16.9%	

SELECTED MAJOR PROGRAMS EXPENDITURES

(Includes expenditures from federal and restricted revenue sources)

		Fiscal 2022	 Fiscal 2021	Percent Change	
Public Education	\$	5,206,060,000	\$ 4,790,412,000	8.7%	
Health – Medicaid Services	\$	4,484,182,000	\$ 3,774,641,000	18.8%	
Higher Education	\$	2,365,474,000	\$ 2,163,238,000	9.3%	
Workforce Services	\$	1,399,562,000	\$ 1,173,985,000	19.2%	
Human Services – People with Disabilities	\$	464,733,000	\$ 426,880,000	8.9%	
Public Safety – Department	\$	448,951,000	\$ 324,270,000	38.4%	
Corrections – Adult	\$	361,503,000	\$ 335,751,000	7.7%	
Natural Resources	\$	319,724,000	\$ 301,034,000	6.2%	
Human Services - Substance Abuse and Mental Health	\$	234,933,000	\$ 214,865,000	9.3%	
Human Services - Child and Family Services	\$	199,197,000	\$ 187,650,000	6.2%	
Health - Children's Health Insurance	\$	133,832,000	\$ 125,334,000	6.8%	

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS

		Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021	Percent Change
Major Transportation Funding Sources (excludes bond pro	oceeds)			
Sales Tax Earmarks for Highways (portion from above)	\$	845,553,000	\$ 733,411,000	15.3%
Motor and Special Fuel Taxes	\$	573,154,000	\$ 551,461,000	3.9%
Federal Funds	\$	377,016,000	\$ 419,129,000	-10.0%
Vehicle Registration and Permits ¹	\$	215,368,000	\$ 205,583,000	4.8%
Major Transportation Expenditures				
Highway Construction ²	\$	1,127,218,000	\$ 1,338,064,000	-15.8%
Local B&C Roads	\$	202,911,000	\$ 194,518,000	4.3%
Highway Operations and Maintenance	\$	192,760,000	\$ 183,489,000	5.1%

¹ Includes vehicle registration fees of \$95,762,000 and \$92,313,000 from the Transportation Investment Fund in fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

² Includes expenditures of \$707,899,000 and \$780,978,000 from the Transportation Investment Fund in fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

State of Utah Financial Highlights

continued

APPROPRIATIONS

By statute, the total of the amount appropriated from the General Fund (net of amounts exempted) plus the income tax revenues appropriated for higher education is limited to combined changes in population and inflation.

	Fiscal 2023 ¹			Fiscal 2022
Appropriations Limitation	\$	4,863,169,000	\$	4,411,558,383
Actual Appropriations ²		4,573,925,300		3,765,032,500
Under the Limit	\$	289,243,700	\$	646,525,883

 $^{^{\}it l}$ Preliminary – amounts may be adjusted by subsequent appropriations.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Activity in Fiscal Years 2022 and 2023 to date General Obligation Bonds Payable, net at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,314,258,582
Principal Payment July 1, 2022 Additional Bonds Issued July 1, 2022 through November 30, 2022	(356,325,000)
Amortization of Premium	(15,023,000)
General Obligation Bonds Payable, net at November 30, 2022	\$ 1,942,910,582
Constitutional Bonding Limit (1.5% of the total taxable property fair market value)	\$ 8,174,115,700
Additional Constitutional Bonding Capacity ¹	\$ 6,231,205,118
Statutory Bonding Limit (45% of the fiscal year 2023 Appropriations Limitation) Bonds Subject to Limitation, net (\$1,578,766,000 of highway bonds are exempt)	\$ 2,188,426,100 (364,145,000)
Additional Statutory Bonding Capacity ²	\$ 1,824,281,100
The State of Utah's Triple/Triple Bond Rating is the best possible	
Fitch Ratings	AAA
Moody's Investors Service	Aaa
S&P Global Ratings	AAA

 $^{^{}I}\ Does\ not\ include\ unused\ vacation\ for\ employees\ of\ approximately\ \$125,899,000,\ which\ may\ reduce\ bonding\ capacity.$

STATUS OF SELECTED FUNDS

(as of June 30, 2022)

General Fund Budget Reserve Account			Permanent School Trust Fund		
Beginning Balance	\$	256,791,000	Beginning Balance	\$	3,016,861,0
Appropriation from General Fund, net		35,747,000	Income from Land Use, net		144,683,0
Transfer from General Fund		37,747,000	Gain on Sale of Land		68,946,0
Ending Balance	\$	330,285,000	Change in Fair Value of Investments,		
-			net		(210,649,0
Education Budget Reserve Account			Investment Earnings Transferred to		
Beginning Balance	\$	630,183,000	Uniform School Fund		(95,850,0
Appropriation from Education Fund, net		110,517,000	Ending Balance	\$	2,923,991,0
Transfer from Education Fund		115,585,000		-	
Ending Balance	\$	856,285,000			
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Disaster Recovery Restricted Account			Permanent State Trust Fund		
Beginning Balance	\$	64,486,000	Beginning Balance	\$	314,574,0
Appropriations from the Account, net		_	Interest, Dividends, and Gains		3,230,0
Transfer from General Fund		25,479,000	Severance Tax Revenue per Utah		
Ending Balance	\$	89,965,000	Constitution		29,317,0
	-		Change in Fair Value of Investments		(42,261,0
Medicaid Growth Stabilization Account			Ending Balance	\$	304,860,0
Beginning Balance	\$	113,862,000			
Transfer from General Fund					
Transfer from General Fund					



² Defined by Utah Code Section 63J-3-103(1).

² The State has an additional \$318,717,000 in bonds authorized but not issued, which when sold will reduce bonding capacity.